

Welcome to The Spelling Shed Year 5 scheme of work.



What is included?

- 36 weekly spelling lists (see contents) each based on National Curriculum spelling rules.
- For each list, you will find the following resources:
 - One 20 30 minute lesson plan.
 - Resources to aid the delivery of the lesson.
 - One spelling practice sheet.
 - One homework sheet.

Spelling lists – Stage 5

Challenge Words

Words spelled with 'ie' after c.

18. 19.



1.	Words ending in '-ious.'	20.	Words with the 'ee' sound spelled ei after c. The 'i before e except after c' rule applies to words where the sound spelled by ei is /ee/ However there are exceptions like those in the spellings.
2.	Words ending in '-cious.' If the root word ends in -ce the sound is usually spelled '-cious.'	21.	Words containing the letter string 'ough' where the sound is /aw/.
3.	Ending '-cial' and '-tial.' After a vowel '-cial' is most common and '-itial' after a consonant. But there are many exceptions.	22.	Words containing the letter string 'ough' where the sound is /o/ as in boat or 'ow' as in cow.
4.	Ending '-cial' and '-tial.' After a vowel '-cial' is most common and '-itial' after a consonant. But there	23.	Adverbs of possibility. These words show the possibility that something has of occurring.
_	are many exceptions.	24.	Challenge Words
5.	Ending '-cial' and '-tial.' After a vowel '-cial' is most common and '-itial' after a consonant. But there are many exceptions.	25.	These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
6.	Challenge words		spenings und/or meurings.
7.	Words ending in '-ant.' '-ant' Is used if there is an 'a' or 'ay' sound in the right place.	26.	These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
8.	Words ending in '-ance.' '-ance' Is used if there is an 'a' or 'ay' sound in the right place.	27.	These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
9.	Use -ent and -ence after soft c (/s/ sound), soft g (/j/ sound) and qu. There many exceptions to this rule.		
10.	Words ending in '-able' and '-ible.' '-able' is used where there is a related word ending '-ation.'	28.	These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
11.	Words ending in '-ably' and '-ibly.' The '-able' ending is usually but not always used if a complete root word can be heard before it. 'y' endings comply with previously learned rules and is replaced with 'i'	29.	These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
	as in rely > reliably	30.	Challenge Words
12.	Challenge Words		
13.	Words ending in '-able.' If this is being added to a root word ending in -ce or -ge then the e after the c or g is kept other wise they would be said with their hard sounds as in cap and gap.	31.	Hyphens can be used to join a prefix to a root word, especially if the prefix ends in a vowel letter and the root word also begins with one.
	or g is kept other wise they would be said with their hard sounds as in cap and gap.	32.	Challenge Words
14.	Adverbs of time (temporal adverbs) these are words to develop chronology in writing.	33.	Revision: Year 5 words
15.	Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in –fer. The r is doubled if the –fer is still stressed when the ending is added. If the –fer is not stressed then the r isn't doubled.	34.	Revision: Year 5 words
16.	Words with 'silent' letters at the start.	35.	Revision: Year 5 words
17.	Words with 'silent' letters (i.e. letters whose presence cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word)	36.	Revision: Year 5 words



Spelling Shed

Stage: 5 List: 1

Words ending in '-ious'

Stage: 5

List: 1

Words ending in '-ious.'



Spellings
ambitious
infectious
fictitious
nutritious
repetitious
<mark>am</mark> phibious
curious
devious
notorious
obvious

Introduction	Today children will look at words that end in ious. Within this spelling list there are two main sounds at the end of the words – 'tious' (shus) and 'ious' (eeus).
Main Teaching Activity	Use the power point slide containing all of the words for this week. Ask children to divide the words in to two groups depending on the sound at the end of them. Share their results and discuss and patterns they can spot (e.g. words ending tious (shus) tend to have root words ending in 'tion'.
Independent Activity	In small groups, one child picks a spelling list word and tells the others what it is. They must write the word on their whiteboard and the first child acts as teacher to check the spellings. The next child then becomes the teacher and they choose a word. Continue until all words have been spelled by the group.

Sort these spellings into two groups.



Those that have a 'tious' (shus) and 'ious' (eeus).

ambitious	repetitious	infectious	nutritious	curious
amphibious	fictitious	devious	notorious	obvious

Stage: 5	Words ending in '-ious.'
List: 1	Name:



Spellings	1st Attempt	2 nd Attempt	3 rd Attempt	4th Attempt	5 th Attempt
ambitious					
infectious					7//
fictitious					
nutritious					
repetitious					6
amphibious amphibious					
curious				O D	
devious					
notorious				V .	
obvious					

Stage: 5	Words ending in '-ious.'
List: 1	Name:



	Write the correct	spelling into each senter	nce.
Spellings		_	
ambitious	The	creature was suited to	both land and water.
infectious	The teacher's	laugh was	around school.
fictitious	He was	and so he auditioned	for The X Factor <mark>twice.</mark>
nutritious	The c	at found himself trapped	in the garden shed.
repetitious			
amphibious	In the school cant	teen they delivered	meals each day.
curious	It was	that she did not like him	1.
devious	The criminal mast	termind had a	plan.
notorious	The job was very	the same to	ask over and over again.
obvious	She gave a	version of event	s. It wasn't the truth.

Stage: 5 Words ending in '-ious.'

List: 1

Answers:



Spellings
ambitious
infectious
fictitious
nutritious
repetitious
amphibious
curious
devious
notorious
obvious

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.

The <u>amphibious</u> creature was suited to both land and water.

The teacher's _infectious_ laugh was _notorious_ around school.

He was <u>ambitious</u> and so he auditioned for The X Factor twice.

The <u>curious</u> cat found himself trapped in the garden shed.

In the school canteen they delivered <u>_nutritious_</u> meals each day.

It was <u>obvious</u> that she did not like him.

The criminal mastermind had a _devious_ plan.

The job was very <u>_repetitious_</u> the same task over and over again.

She gave a _fictitious_ version of events. It wasn't the truth.